## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

WAYNE D. HARDING,	)
Plaintiff,	)
vs.	) No. 3:17-CV-874-D (BH)
	)
ARNOLD TRANSPORTATION	)
SERVICES, et al.,	)
Defendants.	) Referred to U.S. Magistrate Judge

### FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATION

Pursuant to *Special Order 3-251*, this pro se case has been automatically referred for judicial screening. Based on the relevant filings and applicable law, the case should be dismissed without prejudice for failure to prosecute or follow orders of the court.

#### I. BACKGROUND

The plaintiff initially filed this employment action against the defendants on March 28, 2017. (See doc. 3.) By Notice of Deficiency and Order dated March 29, 2017, he was notified that his complaint did not comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a), and he had not paid the filing fee or submitted an application to proceed in forma pauperis (IFP). (See doc. 4.) Attached to the order were copies of his complaint, Rule 8, and a form IFP application. See id. The order specifically advised the plaintiff that he must file an amended complaint and either pay the filing fee or file his IFP application within fourteen days, and that a failure to do so could result in the dismissal of his case. Id. More than fourteen days from the date of the order have passed, but the plaintiff has not filed an amended complaint and either paid the filing fee, filed an IFP application, or filed anything else in this case.

#### II. INVOLUNTARY DISMISSAL

Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure permits a court to dismiss an action sua

sponte for failure to prosecute or follow orders of the court. *McCullough v. Lynaugh*, 835 F.2d 1126, 1127 (5th Cir. 1988) (§ 1983 prisoner action). This authority flows from a court's inherent power to control its docket, prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases, and avoid congested court calendars. *Link v. Wabash R.R. Co.*, 370 U.S. 626, 629-31 (1962). The plaintiff failed to comply with the order that he file an amended complaint and either pay the filing fee or file his IFP application within fourteen days despite a warning that failure to do so could result in dismissal of the case. He has not filed anything else in the case. Because the plaintiff failed to follow a court order or otherwise show that he intends to proceed with this case, his case should be dismissed under Rule 41(b) for failure to prosecute or follow orders.

#### III. RECOMMENDATION

The plaintiff's case should be dismissed without prejudice under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b) for failure to prosecute or follow orders of the court, unless the plaintiff files an amended complaint and either pays the filing fee or files an IFP application within the time for objecting to this recommendation, or by some other deadline set by the Court.

SO RECOMMENDED on this 21st day of April, 2017.

TRMA CARRILLO RAMIREZ UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL/OBJECT

A copy of these findings, conclusions, and recommendation shall be served on all parties in the manner provided by law. Any party who objects to any part of these findings, conclusions and recommendation must file specific written objections within 14 days after being served with a copy. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b). In order to be specific, an objection must identify the specific finding or recommendation to which objection is made, state the basis for the objection, and specify the place in the magistrate judge's findings, conclusions and recommendation where the disputed determination is found. An objection that merely incorporates by reference or refers to the briefing before the magistrate judge is not specific. Failure to file specific written objections will bar the aggrieved party from appealing the factual findings and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge that are accepted or adopted by the district court, except upon grounds of plain error. See Douglass v. United Servs. Automobile Ass'n, 79 F.3d 1415, 1417 (5th Cir. 1996).

IRMA CARRILLO RAMIREZ

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE